



2015 HOME PROGRAM DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT

Revision III – 1/25/16

The Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) has designated the State of North Dakota as a Participating Jurisdiction (PJ) and as such it may apply for and distribute HOME funds. The agency responsible for administration of the North Dakota HOME Program is the Department of Commerce, Division of Community Services (DCS).

This is a description of how the state plans to distribute FY 2015 HOME funds and administer its program. The plan demonstrates consistency with the goals identified in the state's Consolidated Plan (CP). Accordingly, the state can use its HOME funds for the following activities to help meet the identified housing needs:

- Rehabilitation of Owner-occupied and Rental Property
- Homebuyer Assistance
- Tenant Based Rental Assistance (including security and utility deposits)
- Acquisition, New Construction, Site Improvements, or Demolition Linked to a Project
- Administrative Costs
- Operating Expenses for Community Housing Development Organization (CHDO)

TIMELY PRODUCTION AND OCCUPANCY OF ASSISTED HOUSING

The 2013 Rule revised a number of commitment and completion deadlines and imposed new occupancy deadlines:

- **HOME projects must be completed within four years of commitment.** Any project that is not completed in a timely manner will be terminated and PJs will be required to repay HOME funds drawn. [*§92.205(e)(2)*]
- **HOME-assisted rental units must be occupied by income-eligible households within 18 months of project completion.** If not, PJs must repay HOME funds for the vacant units. (Note: for units that remain vacant for six months following completion, the PJ must identify and develop an enhanced marketing plan and report this information to HUD). [*§92.252*]
- **A homebuyer unit must have a ratified sales contract within nine months of construction completion.** The PJ must either convert the unit to a HOME rental property or repay the full HOME investment. [*§92.254(a)(3)*]



ALTERNATIVE FORMATS FOR DISABLED
PERSONS ARE AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST

- **Funds must be committed to specific projects within 24 months of the PJ receiving its HOME allocation.** The PJ can no longer “reserve” CHDO funds for future projects identified at a later date. [*§92.2 Commitment, §92.300(a)(1)*]
- **CHDO set-aside funds must be expended within 5 (five) years.** This five year begins when the PJ receives its formula allocation. [*§92.500(d)(1)(A) and (C), and §92.500(d)(2)*]

DISTRIBUTION PLAN

The state will administer its program through state recipients, sub recipients, non-profits, and CHDOs. The HOME Program will be allocated to state recipients and sub recipients through a non-competitive set-aside. The non-profit and CHDO category will be competitive and receives awards based on scoring criteria. Any funds remaining after the competitive round will be distributed on a first-come-first-serve need basis.

Applicants new to the HOME Program are required to partner with an experienced developer, sponsor, or consultant (i.e., someone with completed projects and operating successfully).

The state may reallocate funds from one category to another, or from one state recipient or sub recipient to another, Based on high demand, a natural disaster, or other determinations where performance-based measures have not been met.

State program income received by DCS may be allocated, at our discretion, for any project or activity deemed necessary.

Under the state’s multi-year environmental review relocation is the only activity allowed in a designated floodplain. Grand Forks and Bismarck may complete their own environmental reviews and make their own floodplain determinations on a case-by-case basis.

HOME Goals and Eligible Activities

The HOME Program focuses on 4 (four) major housing needs:

1. Single-family Rehabilitation – Community Action Agencies and Housing Authorities.
2. Rental Production and Rehabilitation – Community Housing Development Organizations, and Non-profits.
3. Homeowner Assistance – Community Action Agencies, Housing Authorities, and ND Housing Finance Agency.
4. Tenant-based Rental Assistance – Community Action Agencies and Housing Authorities.

Each of these needs is considered a high or medium priority need for the use of HOME funds. These needs are addressed and prioritized locally by set-asides determined by the Division of Community Services to their recipients and sub recipients. Each recipient and sub recipient delivers the HOME Program in their region, city, or multiple regions. Each year, the State will review the needs and completed goals and to determine if updated goals will be changed based on new on new developments that create changing needs around the state.

HOME Performance Measures

The State collects performance data on HOMENet, the State's in-house HOME Program data collection system. Recipients and sub recipients are required to report performance data for all activities. Performance data reporting consists of entering one of three objectives for the program: 1: Suitable Living Environment, 2. Decent Housing, and 3. Creating Economic Opportunities. In addition, the following appropriate outcomes are also required: Availability/Accessibility, and Affordability, or Sustainability. Based on the objectives and outcomes selected, the system will populate the specific output indicators for each activity. DCS will then enter this information on HUD's Integrated Disbursement and Information System (IDIS).

2015 Summary of Funding ESTIMATE			
2015 HUD Award	\$3,002,167.00		
State Program Income	\$ 14,662.50		
Total 2015 Allocation	\$3,016,829.50		
Total Available for Project Set-Aside	\$2,566,612.80		
Total Available for Administration Set-Aside	\$ 300,216.70		
Total Available for Operating Set-Aside	\$ 150,000.00		
Recipients	Project	Administration	Operating
Bismarck	\$ 335,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	
Grand Forks	\$ 0	\$ 0	
Community Action Agency - Minot (Reg. II)	\$ 140,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	
Dakota Prairie CAA (Reg. III)	\$ 140,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	
Red River Valley Community Action (Reg. IV)	\$ 140,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	
Southeastern North Dakota CAA (Reg. V)	\$ 140,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	
Community Action Program (Reg. VI)	\$ 0	\$ 0	
Community Action Program (Reg. VII)	\$ 140,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	
Community Action & Development (Reg. I & VIII)	\$ 0	\$ 0	
Stutsman County Housing Authority	\$ 30,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	
Cass County Housing Authority	\$ 30,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	
North Dakota Housing Finance Agency	\$ 275,000.00	\$ 15,000.00	
Open CAP/Housing Authority Award(s)	\$ 180,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	
Nonprofit and CHDO(s) (minimum of 15% of 2015 award to CHDO(s))	\$1,016,612.80 (\$450,325.05)		\$ 150,000.00
PI Reserved for Troubled/At-Risk Projects	\$ 0		
State Administration		\$ 191,216.70	
Performance Set-Aside		0	
TOTAL	\$2,566,612.80	\$ 300,216.70	\$ 150,000.00

SECTION I

State Recipients and Sub Recipients

All recipients are expected to locally meet the HOME Program match requirement of 25 percent unless specifically waived by the DCS. Existing general waivers include a state policy that homeowner rehabilitation and Tenant-Based Rental Assistance (TBRA) activities are excluded from the match requirement.

Only HOME assistance forms listed in Part 92.205(b) will be allowed. Applicants should use private funds, tax credits, Rural Development, Federal Home Loan Bank, CDBG, North Dakota Housing Incentive Fund, Department of Energy, or other grant/loan programs to help leverage HOME activities.

Additional match sources not identified by close-out in IDIS must be reported throughout the period of affordability. Match source data is required upon request to DCS or no later than July 15th of each year.

State Recipient Set-Aside

HOME funds will be reserved for two communities, Bismarck and Grand Forks that are defined as entitlement cities, but not PJs. This program component is non-competitive. Each city will be eligible to apply for a predetermined amount of funding based upon population, number or percent-age of low-income households, and housing needs. Although these cities will be able to design their projects to meet local needs, all activities must be within the parameters of the State HOME Program. **Each city must submit their annual HOME plan by July 15, 2015.** This plan will reserve their set-aside funds and establish their performance goals for 2015. The cities must submit their final HOME Project Application(s) and certification of Consolidated Plan compliance before HOME funds will be committed. The HOME Project Application(s) must be fully completed and received by **December 1, 2015.** Please note that no construction activities may begin until this process is fully completed, and DCS has issued the notification of release of funds.

Sub Recipient Set-Aside

HOME funds will be set aside for the ND Housing Finance Agency, two Housing Authorities and the 7 (seven) Community Action Agencies. These funds will be utilized to complete activities in their jurisdiction that are consistent with the State's Consolidated Plan and identified as priorities for their areas. **The completed HOME Application Plan must be submitted to DCS no later than July 15, 2015.**

Sub Recipient Definition

A subrecipient is defined as a public agency or non-profit organization selected by the participating jurisdiction to administer all or some of the participating jurisdiction's HOME programs to produce affordable housing, provide down payment assistance, or provide tenant-based rental assistance. A public agency or non-profit organization that receives HOME funds solely as a developer or owner of a housing project is not a sub recipient. The participating jurisdiction's selection of a sub recipient is not subject to the procurement procedures and requirements.

Housing Finance Agency Set-Aside

HOME funds may be used for homeowner assistance. Assistance may be in the form of a down payment and closing costs. This is a statewide program administered through an agreement with the North Dakota Housing Finance Agency.

Neither the initial purchase price, nor the appraised value at acquisition of the housing, shall exceed 95 percent of the median purchase price for a single-family residence (single-family residence, condominium unit, or combination manufactured home and lot). This includes any repairs required to meet property standards. The housing must be the principal residence of an owner whose family qualifies as a low-income household at the time of purchase. Recipient(s) of down payment and closing cost assistance must complete homebuyer counseling prior to closing. Finally, all applicable regulatory provisions under 24 CFR Part 92.254 will be followed even if not specifically outlined in this description.

Housing Authorities

The Stutsman County Housing Authority and Cass County Housing Authority will receive a set-aside to complete a security or utility deposit program, or an approved TBRA program. These HOME dollars will be used for emergency situations to prevent homelessness or to assist persons in transitional housing to secure permanent rental housing. Funds may also be used to assist low-income families in securing a more affordable rental unit. Funds will be used only for security or utility deposits, or an approved TBRA program.

Recipients must develop written guidelines that meet program requirements and comply with 24 CFR Part 92.209, and includes the following:

- The security or utility deposit may not exceed the equivalent of one month's rent for the housing unit;
- Tenant selections must comply with 92.209 (c);
- Only the prospective tenant may apply for HOME security deposit assistance. The funds must be paid directly to the landlord;
- Rental units must be inspected for Housing Quality Standards (or other standards set by HUD) compliance;
- The lease must comply with the requirements of section 92.253 (a), (b), (c);
- The assistance may be in the form of a grant or a loan. If the assistance is to be provided as a loan, the agency's loan program must be pre-approved by DCS; and
- Utility assistance must be combined with a security deposit.

Community Action Agency (CAA) Set-Aside

CAA can no longer transfer funds from one activity to another (e.g., rehab funds to multi-family project). These funds must be returned to DCS.

Eligible activities can include all necessary **rehabilitation** required to bring an existing owner-occupied home up to Section 8 Housing Quality Standards (HQS), the ND HOME Program’s Rehabilitation Standards, and **Tenant-based Rental Assistance** (including security and utility deposits). All rehab work must meet all applicable state and local code requirements. When rehabilitation is selected as a regional priority, neither the estimated value of the house prior to rehabilitation or the after-rehab value of the housing shall exceed 95 percent of the median purchase price for a single-family residence (single-family residence, condominium unit, cooperative unit, or combination manufactured home and lot). Each homeowner will be required to sign a Housing Rehabilitation Program Homeowner Agreement that is determined on the amount of funds provided to the homeowner. The period of affordability is as follows:

HOME Assistance Per Unit	Minimum Period of Affordability
Less than \$15,000	5 yrs.
\$15,000 - \$40,000	10 yrs.
More than \$40,000	15 yrs.

The terms of the agreement for repayment may allow for a pro-rata reduction of the recapture amount in monthly increments. Below is an example of a five-year plan:

Month	Recapture										
1	100%	11	83.3%	21	66.6%	31	50.0%	41	33.3%	51	16.6%
2	98.3%	12	81.6%	22	65.0%	32	48.3%	42	31.6%	52	15.0%
3	96.6%	13	80.0%	23	63.3%	33	46.6%	43	30.0%	53	13.3%
4	95.0%	14	78.3%	24	61.6%	34	45.0%	44	28.3%	54	11.6%
5	93.3%	15	76.6%	25	60.0%	35	43.3%	45	26.6%	55	10.0%
6	91.6%	16	75.0%	26	58.3%	36	41.6%	46	25.0%	56	8.3%
7	90.0%	17	73.3%	27	56.6%	37	40.0%	47	23.3%	57	6.6%
8	88.3%	18	71.6%	28	55.0%	38	38.3%	48	21.6%	58	5.0%
9	86.6%	19	70.0%	29	53.3%	39	36.6%	49	20.0%	59	3.3%
10	85.0%	20	68.3%	30	51.6%	40	35.0%	50	18.3%	60	1.6%

When housing rehabilitation is selected, each CAA must develop Homeowner Rehabilitation Guidelines (HRG). The HRG must contain the following information for submission with their application.

- a. The criteria used to determine applicant eligibility is based on income, assets, ownership, occupancy, and location. Any priorities which are used to select households for assistance (e.g., households with income less than 50 percent of median annual income) along with how the income information will be verified.
- b. The types of property or properties eligible for assistance (e.g., single-family unit, condominium unit, mobile home/manufactured home [permanent foundation on private lot], and cooperative unit).
- c. Provide a description of any type of homeowner contribution required (cash, labor, or materials).

- d. A description of how you will inspect for Housing Quality Standards (HQS) Requirements (24 CFR 882.109), ND HOME Program Rehabilitation Standards. Assurance that all work complies with the North Dakota State Building Code (or a locally amended North Dakota State Building Code). Also include how your agency will assure that newly constructed housing meets the current edition of the Model Energy Code, Uniform Building Code, and Uniform Mechanical Code.
- e. Define how you will meet lead-based paint regulations.
- f. Describe the minimum and maximum amount of assistance allowed along with the terms of the assistance. Indicate what will happen if a house cannot be brought up to HQS and ND HOME Program Rehabilitation Standards with the maximum investment.
- g. Describe how you will assure that no more than the necessary amounts of HOME Program funds are invested in any one project. (Layering)
- h. Define the staff, owner, and contractor roles and responsibilities. Include a grievance procedure for applicants and disputes between an owner and a contractor.
- i. Provide a statement that outlines your conflict of interest policy.
- j. Describe the homeowner counseling services that are available to each client.
- k. Each project must contain a homeowner budget that shows continuous and necessary funds during period of affordability.

When **Tenant-based Rental Assistance** is determined as a priority in a region, the HOME funds must be earmarked for security or utility deposits, or for an approved TBRA program. These HOME dollars can be used for emergency situations to prevent homelessness, to provide assistance to persons in transitional housing to secure permanent rental housing, and to assist low-income families to secure a more affordable rental property. The TBRA program funds must be used in accordance with 92.209 and be tied to an existing self-sufficiency program.

Recipients of security and utility deposit funds must create written guidelines that meet program requirements, and include, the following:

- The security or utility deposit may not exceed the equivalent of one month's rent for the housing unit;
- Tenant selections must comply with 92.209 (c);
- Only the prospective tenant may apply for HOME security deposit assistance. The funds must be paid directly to the landlord;
- Rental units must be inspected for Housing Quality Standards (or other standards set by HUD) compliance;
- The lease must comply with the requirements of section 92.253 (a), (b), (c);
- Assistance may be in the form of a grant or a loan. If the assistance is to be provided as a loan, the agency's loan program must be pre-approved by the state; and
- Utility assistance must be combined with a security deposit.

This program will be administered on a regional basis through agreements with Community Actions Agencies (CAA) and Housing Authorities (HA). To facilitate effective planning and cooperative efforts, each Community Action Agency and Housing Authority is encouraged to contact their respective Regional Council to inform those agencies of the services they provide through the programs they administer.

Recapture Requirements for Homebuyer Assistance

DCS expects that all homebuyer assistance will include direct assistance to the homebuyer. Therefore, a recapture provision will be used. In the event circumstances arise where there is no direct subsidy to the homebuyer and HOME funds are used for a development subsidy only, DCS will amend its Annual Action Plan to include a resale provision.

In order to ensure the period of affordability, any of the entities who have elected to provide homebuyer assistance are required to specify their recapture provisions. The recapture provisions will be included in their written agreement with the DCS.

Required Recapture Provisions

Recapture provisions must ensure that the participating jurisdiction recoups all or a portion of the HOME assistance to the homebuyers if the housing is no longer the principal residence of the family during the period of affordability (see Period of Affordability Table). The HOME investment subject to recapture is based on the amount of HOME assistance that enabled the homebuyer to buy the dwelling unit. This includes any HOME assistance that reduced the purchase price from fair market value to an affordable price (direct subsidy), but excludes the amount between the cost of producing the unit and the market value of the property (i.e., the development subsidy). The direct subsidy may include down payment assistance, closing costs, or any other HOME assistance provided directly or indirectly to the homebuyer. The recaptured funds must be used to carry out HOME-eligible activities. The period of affordability is based upon the total amount of initial HOME funds subject to recapture.

The recapture provisions must be assured so that the unit remains affordable through deed restrictions, covenants attached to the land, mortgages, or other similar mechanisms. The state recipient or subrecipient will specify which enforcement mechanism it will use. In addition, DCS, and the state recipient, or subrecipient will execute an agreement with each homebuyer to specify the affordability requirements to enable DCS to retain the authority to enforce them.

Principal Residency

The initial buyer must reside in the home as his/her principal residence for the duration of the period of affordability.

Triggering Recapture

If, during the period of affordability, an owner voluntarily or involuntarily transfers his/her property (e.g., through sale or foreclosure), the RECAPTURE provisions will go into effect.

Direct HOME Subsidy/Amount Subject to Recapture

The amount subject to recapture is the direct HOME subsidy. The direct HOME subsidy is the total amount of HOME assistance that enables the buyer to purchase the unit. This amount includes assistance for: down payment and closing costs and the amount reducing the purchase price from fair market value to an affordable price. The state recipient or subrecipient can adopt any of the methods for recapture that are outlined in the HOME regulations:

- Recapture of the entire direct HOME subsidy;
- Reduction during the affordability period;
- The owner investment is returned first; and
- Shared net proceeds.

The state recipient or subrecipient may also adopt Recapture provisions that differ from the model provisions in the HOME regulations. The particular Recapture provision adopted (whether one of the models or an alternate approach) requires specific approval by DCS and HUD.

DCS can never recapture more than the amount of available net proceeds upon sale. Net proceeds is defined as the sale price of the home minus the superior loan repayment (not including HOME loans) and any closing costs.

Period of Affordability

The recapture provisions are in effect for a period of affordability. This period is based on the amount of direct HOME subsidy to the buyer, as follows:

HOME Assistance to the Buyer	Minimum Period of Affordability
Less than \$15,000	5 yrs.
\$15,000 - \$40,000	10 yrs.
More than \$40,000	15 yrs.
New Construction Rental	20 yrs.

Compliance

During grant monitoring of the HOME Program sub recipients, the State will review the deed restrictions, covenants attached to the land, mortgages, or other similar mechanisms placed on the HOME-assisted property to ensure the provisions being used are in accordance with those stated in the written agreement with the sub recipient.

During the affordability period, the state recipients/sub-recipients must complete an annual compliance check to ensure that the initial homebuyer still resides in the property as his/her principal residence. The most current utility statement, proof of paid taxes, and homeowner's insurance are acceptable documentation.

Noncompliance

During the affordability period, noncompliance occurs when an owner (1) vacates the unit or rents the unit to another household, (2) sells the home without DCS receiving recaptured funds due at time of sale.

In the event of noncompliance, the owner is subject to repay all HOME funds invested in the housing. This amount is based on HOME funds invested, and includes both development funds and direct subsidy to the buyer minus any principal HOME loan repayments. Please note the repayment amount is not subject to any reductions that might be otherwise applicable under a recapture provision (such as forgiveness for the term of occupancy or repayment to owner first).

The following entities intend to provide assistance to homebuyers and use the following examples of Recapture Provision:

- The City of Grand Forks: **Recapture Provision**
 - The entity will follow the recapture option in 24 CFR 92.254 (a) (5) (ii) (A) (2) which allows for recapturing a reduced amount during the affordability period. The city will require a minimum ten-year affordability period with 0 percent reduction of the recapturable amount during the first five years. Beginning in year six, the recapturable amount of the HOME investment will be reduced on a pro-rata basis, as long as the homeowner continues to own and occupy the home. (For instance, in a ten-year affordability period, if the home is sold in year 3, the full amount of the subsidy to the buyer will be recaptured. If sold in year 7, 2/10th (40%) will be forgiven, and 60% will be recaptured.
 - If the net proceeds (sale price minus loan repayment, other than HOME funds, and closing costs) are not sufficient to recapture the HOME investment and enable the homeowner to recover his homeowner investment (the amount of their down payment), the HOME recapture amount will be set as follows:

$$\frac{\text{HOME Investment}}{\text{HOME Investment} + \text{Homeowner Investment}} \times \text{Net Proceeds} = \text{HOME Recapture Amount}$$

- The North Dakota Housing Finance Agency: **Recapture Provision**
 - The entity will follow the recapture option in 24 CFR 92.254 (a) (5) (ii) (A) (2) which allows for recapturing a reduced amount during the affordability period. For their down payment and closing costs assistance program, the North Dakota Housing Finance Agency will require the minimum affordability period based on the amount of the direct home subsidy. Beginning in year one, the recapturable amount of the HOME investment will be reduced on a pro-rata basis, as long as the homeowner continues to own and occupy the unit. (For instance, if the affordability period is ten years and the owner occupies the unit for six years, then 6/10ths (60%) of the recapture amount will be forgiven, and 40% of the direct home subsidy amount will be recaptured.)

- If the net proceeds (sale price minus loan repayment, other than HOME funds, and closing costs) are not sufficient to recapture the HOME investment and enable the homeowner to recover his homeowner investment (the amount of their down payment), the HOME recapture amount will be set as follows:

$$\frac{\text{HOME Investment}}{\text{HOME Investment} + \text{Homeowner Investment}} \times \text{Net Proceeds} = \text{HOME Recapture Amount}$$

- Eastern Dakota Housing Alliance: **Recapture Provision**

- The entity will follow the recapture option in 24 CFR 92.254 (a) (5) (ii) (A) (2) which allows for recapturing a reduced amount during the affordability period. Eastern Dakota Housing Alliance will require the minimum affordability period based on the amount of the direct home subsidy. Beginning in year one, the recapturable amount of the HOME investment will be reduced on a pro-rata basis, as long as the homeowner continues to own and occupy the unit. (For instance, if the affordability period is ten years and the owner occupies the unit for six years, then 6/10ths (60%) of the recapture amount will be forgiven, and 40% of the direct home subsidy amount will be recaptured.)
- If the net proceeds (sale price minus loan repayment, other than HOME funds, and closing costs) are not sufficient to recapture the HOME investment and enable the homeowner to recover his homeowner investment (the amount of their down payment), the HOME recapture amount will be set as follows:

$$\frac{\text{HOME Investment}}{\text{HOME Investment} + \text{Homeowner Investment}} \times \text{Net Proceeds} = \text{HOME Recapture Amount}$$

Administration

The State (as the PJ), state recipients, and sub recipients are allowed to receive HOME monies for administrative expenses. These costs may not exceed 10 percent of the entire HOME allocation for North Dakota.

Performance-based Set-Asides

The amounts listed in the Summary of Funding will not be awarded the next fiscal year unless an acceptable level of disbursement of funds previously awarded has been attained (*disbursement means funds are drawn from the U.S. Treasury*). The State will review past performance to determine the funding level. If an agency does not have at least 60 percent of current year project funds obligated 3 (three) months prior to budget end, DCS may deobligate those dollars.

DCS will notify agencies of the availability of any unobligated funds, and will make funds available according to its original identity, or as deemed appropriate by the Director of DCS. Recipients that can demonstrate disbursement of funds awarded for all years, including 2015, where all funding allocation is 100 percent committed can request additional dollars for shovel-ready projects.

State and Sub recipient Set-Asides

Unobligated performance funds may be reallocated to other State and Sub Recipient(s) that can demonstrate disbursement of funds awarded for all years, including 2015, where allocation is 100 percent committed, have an unmet need, and are ready to proceed and have capacity to spend the funds in a timely manner may submit a request for unobligated performance funds.

CHDO/Non-profit

All recipients are expected to locally meet the HOME Program match requirement of 25 percent, unless specifically waived by the DCS. Existing general waivers include a State policy that homeowner rehabilitation and TBRA activities are excluded from the match requirement.

Only the forms of HOME assistance listed in Part 92.205(b) are allowed. Applicants should use private funds, tax credits, Rural Development, Federal Home Loan Bank, CDBG, North Dakota Housing Incentive Fund, Department of Energy, or other grant/loan programs to help leverage HOME activities.

Submission of the CHDO and Non-profit Application(s) are due by September 30, 2015.

The application process for CHDOs/Non-profits will be a competitive process during the first round. If any funds remain, and it will be on a first come, first-serve based on needs. Extra points will not be given to CHDOs; however they will be given preferential status when awarding funds to the extent necessary to meet the HUD CHDO 15% requirement.

Application can be found at:

<http://www.communityservices.nd.gov/uploads/9/HOMERentalApplicationwithProformawithDCR.xls>

Underwriting can be found at:

<http://www.communityservices.nd.gov/uploads/9/HomeUnderwriting.pdf>

Please note that no construction activities may begin until a completed financial award has been signed, and the DCS has issued the Notification of Release of Funds.

Owner

Rental housing is considered “owned” if the housing organization is the owner in fee simple absolute of multifamily, or single family housing (or has a long-term ground lease) for rental to low-income families in accordance with §92.252. If the housing is to be rehabilitated or constructed, the housing organization must prove internal capacity, or hire and oversee the developer that rehabilitates or constructs the housing. At minimum, the housing organization must hire or contract with an experienced project manager to oversee all aspects of the development, including: 1) obtaining zoning, 2) securing non-HOME financing, 3) selecting a developer or general contractor, 4) overseeing the progress of the work, and 5) determining reasonable costs. The housing organization must own the rental housing during development and for a period at least equal to the period of affordability in §92.252. If the housing organization acquires housing that meets the property standards in §92.251, the organization must own the rental housing for a period at least equal to the period of affordability in §92.252.

Developer

Rental housing is “developed” by a housing organization if: 1) the housing development organization is the owner of multifamily or single family housing in fee simple absolute (or has a long term ground lease) and 2) the housing developer of new housing that will be constructed, or existing substandard housing that will be rehabilitated for rent to low-income families in accordance with §92.252. To be the “housing developer,” the housing organization must be in sole charge of all aspects of the development process, including obtaining zoning, securing non-HOME financing, selecting architects, engineers, and general contractors, overseeing progress of the work, and determining reasonable costs. At a minimum, the housing development organization must own the housing during development and for a period at least equal to the period of affordability in §92.252.

Sponsor (CHDO only)

Rental housing is “sponsored” by a CHDO if the CHDO “developed” the rental housing project and agrees to convey details of the project to an identified, private nonprofit organization at a predetermined time after completion of the development of the project. Sponsored rental housing is subject to the following requirements:

The private non-profit organization may not be created by a governmental entity.

The HOME funds must be provided to the entity that owns the project.

The HOME funds must be invested in the project that is owned by the CHDO.

Before commitment of HOME funds, the CHDO sponsor must select the private non-profit organization that will obtain ownership of the property.

The private non-profit organization assumes the CHDO’s HOME obligations (including any repayment of loans) for the rental project at a specified time after completion of development.

If the housing is not transferred to the private non-profit organization, the CHDO organization sponsor remains responsible for the HOME assistance and the HOME project.

Community Housing Development Organization (CHDO)

Eligible applicants include community-based non-profit 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4), or 905 (subordinate organization of a 501 (c) organization) organizations with the mission statement that identifies decent, affordable housing to low and moderate-income persons.

The DCS designates non-profit organizations that meet defined criteria as CHDOs. A CHDO is defined in the HOME Investment Partnerships Program Final Rule Subpart A, §92.2.

Note: Non-profits are not required to be a designated CHDO to apply for DCS HOME Program funding.

HUD requires that DCS set aside at least 15 percent of HOME annual allocation for Community Housing Development Organizations (CHDOs). In addition, these organizations must meet and satisfactorily demonstrate the prescribed requirements. DCS will be using the DRAFT HUD guidance on CHDO qualifications. CHDO's are also eligible to participate in non-CHDO housing activities.

CHDOs may be eligible for the operating set-aside based on need. No CHDO may receive more than \$50,000 per year. DCS cannot exceed \$150,000 per program year.

Up to 10 percent of the CHDO set-aside may be used for pre-development loans to assist specific projects. Per 92.301 these loans can be used for technical assistance and site control, and seed money loans. The community housing development organization must repay the loan to the participating jurisdiction from construction loan proceeds or other project income. The participating jurisdiction may waive repayment of the loan, in part or in whole, if there are impediments to project development that the participating jurisdiction determines are reasonably beyond the control of the borrower. Pre-development loan repayments must be sent to the DCS. The repaid funds will be added to the next FY allocation.

CHDO Definition - A non-profit organization that:

- (1) Is organized under State or local laws;
- (2) Has no part of its net earnings inuring to the benefit of any member, founder, contributor, or individual;
- (3) Is neither controlled by, nor under the direction of, individuals or entities seeking to derive profit or gain from the organization. A community housing development organization may be sponsored or created by a for-profit entity, but:
 - (i) The for-profit entity may not be an entity whose primary purpose is the development or management of housing, such as a builder, developer, or real estate management firm;
 - (ii) The for-profit entity may not have the right to appoint more than one-third of the membership of the organization's governing body. Board members appointed by the for-profit entity may not appoint the remaining two-thirds of the board members;
 - (iii) The community housing development organization must be free to contract for goods and services from vendors of its own choosing; and
 - (iv) The officers and employees of the for-profit entity may not be officers or employees of the community housing development organization.
- (4) Has a tax exemption ruling from the Internal Revenue Service under section 501(c)(3) or (4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 CFR 1.501(c)(3)-1 or 1.501(c)(4)-1)), is classified as a subordinate of a central organization non-profit under section 905 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or if the private non-profit organization is a wholly owned entity that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner for tax

purposes (e.g., a single member limited liability company that is wholly owned by an organization that qualifies as tax-exempt), the owner organization has a tax exemption ruling from the Internal Revenue Service under section 501(c)(3) or (4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and meets the definition of “community housing development organization;”

- (5) Is not a governmental entity (including the participating jurisdiction, other jurisdiction, Indian tribe, public housing authority, Indian housing authority, housing finance agency, or redevelopment authority) and is not controlled by a governmental entity. An organization that is created by a governmental entity may qualify as a community housing development organization; however, the governmental entity may not have the right to appoint more than one-third of the membership of the organization's governing body and no more than one-third of the board members may be public officials or employees of governmental entity. Board members appointed by a governmental entity may not appoint the remaining two-thirds of the board members. The officers or employees of a governmental entity may not be officers or employees of a community housing development organization;
- (6) Has standards of financial accountability that conform to 24 CFR 84.21, “Standards for Financial Management Systems;”
- (7) Has among its purposes the provision of decent housing that is affordable to low-income and moderate-income persons, as evidenced in its charter, articles of incorporation, resolutions or by-laws;
- (8) Maintains accountability to low-income community residents by:
 - (i) Maintaining at least one-third of its governing board's membership for residents of low-income neighborhoods, other low-income community residents, or elected representative of low-income neighborhood organizations. For urban areas, “community” may be a neighborhood or neighborhoods, city, county or metropolitan area; for rural areas, it may be a neighborhood or neighborhoods, town, village, county, or multi-county area (but not the entire State); and
 - (ii) Providing a formal process for low-income program beneficiaries to advise the organization in its decisions regarding the design, siting, development, and management of affordable housing;
- (9) Has a demonstrated capacity for carrying out housing projects assisted with HOME funds. A designated organization undertaking development activities as a developer or sponsor must satisfy this requirement by having paid employees with housing development experience who will work on projects assisted with HOME funds. For its first year of funding as a community housing development organization, an organization may satisfy this requirement through a contract with a consultant who has housing development experience to train appropriate key staff of the organization. An organization that will own housing must demonstrate capacity to act as owner of a project and meet the requirements of §92.300(a)(2). A non-profit organization does not meet the test of demonstrated capacity based on any person who is a volunteer or whose services are donated by another organization; and

- (10) Has a history of serving the community within which housing to be assisted with HOME funds is to be located. In general, an organization must be able to show one year of serving the community before HOME funds are reserved for the organization. However, a newly created organization formed by local churches, service organizations or neighborhood organizations may meet this requirement by demonstrating that its parent organization has at least a year of serving the community.

The private non-profit organization may not be created by a governmental entity.

The HOME funds must be invested in the project that is owned by the community housing development organization.

Non-profits

Non-profits can participate in the HOME Program as owners or developers of multi-family housing. The non-profit must not be disqualified from any program administered by DCS or under debarment, proposed debarment or suspension by a federal agency.

The non-profit must be able to demonstrate technical expertise of staff and other project partners in housing production and management and meet the following criteria:

- The non-profit has successfully administered (this means following all the cross-cutting requirements, such as: Davis Bacon, Section 3, and Contract Compliance) at least one (1) HOME, CDBG, or NSP funded development of similar nature and scope;

or

- Has a proven track record in affordable housing development and project management for a minimum period of five (5) years prior to the application submission date; and
- Documented capacity to carry out the long-term rental compliance responsibilities associated with the development through the period of affordability.

Section II

HOME Statement of Assurances

Other Federal requirements and nondiscrimination

- (a) The Federal requirements set forth in 24 CFR part 5, subpart A, are applicable to participants in the HOME program. The requirements of this subpart include: nondiscrimination and equal opportunity; disclosure requirements; debarred, suspended or ineligible contractors; and drug-free workplace.
- (b) The nondiscrimination requirements at section 282 of the Act are applicable. These requirements are waived in connection with the use of HOME funds on lands set aside under the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920 (42 Stat. 108).

Affirmative marketing; minority outreach program

(a) *Affirmative marketing.*

1. Each participating jurisdiction must adopt and follow affirmative marketing procedures and requirements for rental and homebuyer projects containing five or more HOME-assisted housing units. Affirmative marketing requirements and procedures also apply to all HOME-funded programs, including, but not limited to, tenant-based rental assistance and downpayment assistance programs. Affirmative marketing steps consist of actions to provide information and otherwise attract eligible persons in the housing market area to the available housing without regard to race, color, national origin, sex, religion, familial status, or disability. If participating jurisdiction's written agreement with the project owner permits the rental housing project to limit tenant eligibility or to have a tenant preference in accordance with §92.253(d)(3), the participating jurisdiction must have affirmative marketing procedures and requirements that apply in the context of the limited/preferred tenant eligibility for the project.
2. The affirmative marketing requirements and procedures adopted must include:
 - a) Methods for informing the public, owners, and potential tenants about Federal fair housing laws and the participating jurisdiction's affirmative marketing policy (e.g., the use of the Equal Housing Opportunity logotype or slogan in press releases and solicitations for owners, and written communication to fair housing and other groups);
 - b) Requirements and practices each subrecipient and owner must adhere to in order to carry out the participating jurisdiction's affirmative marketing procedures and requirements (e.g., use of commercial media, use of community contacts, use of the Equal Housing Opportunity logotype or slogan, and display of fair housing poster);
 - c) Procedures to be used by subrecipients and owners to inform and solicit applications from persons in the housing market area who are not likely to apply for the housing program or the housing without special outreach (e.g., through the use of community organizations, places of worship, employment centers, fair housing groups, or housing counseling agencies);

- d) Records that will be kept describing actions taken by the participating jurisdiction and by subrecipients and owners to affirmatively market the program and units and records to assess the results of these actions; and
 - e) A description of how the participating jurisdiction will annually assess the success of affirmative marketing actions and what corrective actions will be taken where affirmative marketing requirements are not met.
3. A State that distributes HOME funds to units of general local government must require each unit of general local government to adopt affirmative marketing procedures and requirements that meet the requirement in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section.
- (b) *Minority outreach.* A participating jurisdiction must prescribe procedures acceptable to HUD to establish and oversee a minority outreach program within its jurisdiction to ensure the inclusion, to the maximum extent possible, of minorities and women, and entities owned by minorities and women, including, without limitation, real estate firms, construction firms, appraisal firms, management firms, financial institutions, investment banking firms, underwriters, accountants, and providers of legal services, in all contracts entered into by the participating jurisdiction with such persons or entities, public and private, in order to facilitate the activities of the participating jurisdiction to provide affordable housing authorized under this Act or any other Federal housing law applicable to such jurisdiction. Section 85.36(e) of this title describes actions to be taken by a participating jurisdiction to assure that minority business enterprises and women business enterprises are used when possible in the procurement of property and services.

Affirmative Marketing Guidance

The DCS will take the following actions to provide information to attract eligible persons from all racial, ethnic, and gender groups in the housing market area that is assisted by HOME funding.

All correspondence, notices and advertisements related to the HOME Program, must contain the Equal Housing Opportunity logo or slogan.

Participants in the HOME Program will be required to use affirmative fair housing marketing practices in soliciting renters or buyers, determining their eligibility, and concluding all transactions. Any HOME-assisted housing must comply with the following procedures for the required compliance period, depending on the program used:

- (a) Owners advertising vacant units must include the equal housing opportunity logo and/or slogan. Wherever a phone number is provided, there must also be a TDD/TTY phone number, or equivalent, provided. The Relay North Dakota TDD number is 800-366-6888, Voice Users 1-800-366-6889, and Spanish Users 1-800-435-8590. This service is free of charge. Recently the number “711” has been approved by the FCC for use in contacting the relay service. This number works for both TTY and voice telephones and while it is applicable in most states, you are still required to list the “800” numbers presented above. Advertising media may include newspapers, radio, televisions, brochures, leaflets, or a sign in a window. In addition, owners will be required to have written communication to Fair Housing organizations.

- (b) The owner will be required to solicit applications for vacant units from persons in the housing market who are least likely to apply for the HOME-assisted housing without the benefit of special outreach efforts. In general, persons who are not of the race or ethnicity of the residents of the neighborhood in which the rehabilitated building is located shall be considered those least likely to apply. Special outreach efforts will include contacts with community action agencies, human service centers and county social service offices.
- (c) The owner must maintain a file containing all marketing efforts (e.g., copies of newspaper ads, memos of phone calls, copies of letters, etc.) and the records to assess the results of these actions are to be available for inspection by the DCS.
- (d) The owner shall maintain a listing of all tenants residing in each unit from the time of application through the end of the compliance period.

The DCS will assess the affirmative marketing efforts of the owner by comparing predetermined occupancy goals (based upon the area from which potential tenants will come) to actual occupancy data that the owner is required to maintain. The owner's outreach efforts will also be evaluated by reviewing marketing efforts. The DCS will assess these efforts by use of a compliance certification or a personal monitoring visit to the project at least annually.

Where an owner fails to follow the affirmative marketing requirements, corrective actions shall include extensive outreach efforts to appropriate contacts to achieve the occupancy goals or other sanctions that the DCS may deem necessary. In addition, owners will be counseled as to affirmative marketing requests. In the event they continue to be in non-compliance, they may not be allowed to receive future HOME funds.

All units of local government that receive HOME funds must submit affirmative marketing procedures they have adopted to the DCS.

Environmental Review

- (a) *General.* The environmental effects of each activity carried out with HOME funds must be assessed in accordance with the provisions of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA) (42 U.S.C. 4321) and the related authorities listed in HUD's implementing regulations at 24 CFR parts 50 and 58. The applicability of the provisions of 24 CFR part 50 or part 58 is based on the HOME project (new construction, rehabilitation, acquisition) or activity (tenant-based rental assistance) as a whole, not on the type of the cost paid with HOME funds.
- (b) *Responsibility for review.*
 1. The jurisdiction (e.g., the participating jurisdiction or State recipient) or insular area must assume responsibility for environmental review, decision making, and action for each activity that it carries out with HOME funds, in accordance with the requirements imposed on a recipient under 24 CFR part 58. No funds may be committed to a HOME activity or project before the completion of the environmental review and approval of the request for release of funds and related certification, except as authorized by 24 CFR part 58.

2. A State participating jurisdiction must also assume responsibility for approval of requests for release of HOME funds submitted by State recipients.
3. HUD will perform the environmental review, in accordance with 24 CFR part 50, for a competitively awarded application for HOME funds submitted to HUD by an entity that is not a jurisdiction.

Displacement, relocation, and acquisition

- (a) *Minimizing displacement.* Consistent with the other goals and objectives of this part, the participating jurisdiction must ensure that it has taken all reasonable steps to minimize the displacement of persons (families, individuals, businesses, nonprofit organizations, and farms) as a result of a project assisted with HOME funds. To the extent feasible, residential tenants must be provided a reasonable opportunity to lease and occupy a suitable, decent, safe, sanitary, and affordable dwelling unit in the building/complex upon completion of the project.
- (b) *Temporary relocation.* The following policies cover residential tenants who will not be required to move permanently but who must relocate temporarily for the project. Such tenants must be provided:
 1. Reimbursement for all reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with the temporary relocation, including the cost of moving to and from the temporarily occupied housing and any increase in monthly rent/utility costs.
 2. Appropriate advisory services, including reasonable advance written notice of:
 - a) The date and approximate duration of the temporary relocation;
 - b) The location of the suitable, decent, safe, and sanitary dwelling to be made available for the temporary period;
 - c) The terms and conditions under which the tenant may lease and occupy a suitable, decent, safe, and sanitary dwelling in the building/complex upon completion of the project; and
 - d) The provisions of paragraph (b)(1) of this section.
- (c) *Relocation assistance for displaced persons—*
 1. *General.* A displaced person (defined in paragraph (c)(2) of this section) must be provided relocation assistance at the levels described in, and in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 (URA) (42 U.S.C. 4201-4655) and 49 CFR part 24. A “displaced person” must be advised of his or her rights under the Fair Housing Act and, if the comparable replacement dwelling used to establish the amount of the replacement housing payment to be provided to a minority person is located in an area of minority concentration, the minority person also must be given, if possible, referrals to comparable and suitable, decent, safe, and sanitary replacement dwellings not located in such areas.

2. *Displaced Person.*

For purposes of paragraph (c) of this section, the term *displaced person* means a person (family individual, business, nonprofit organization, or farm, including any corporation, partnership or association) that moves from real property or moves personal property from real property, permanently, as a direct result of acquisition, rehabilitation, or demolition for a project assisted with HOME funds. This includes any permanent, involuntary move for an assisted project, including any permanent move from the real property that is made:

- a) After notice by the owner to move permanently from the property, if the move occurs on or after:
 - 1) The date of the submission of an application to the participating jurisdiction or HUD, if the applicant has site control and the application is later approved; or
 - 2) The date the jurisdiction approves the applicable site, if the applicant does not have site control at the time of the application; or
- b) Before the date described in paragraph (c)(2)(a) of this section, if the jurisdiction or HUD determines that the displacement resulted directly from acquisition, rehabilitation, or demolition for the project; or
- c) By a tenant-occupant of a dwelling unit, if any one of the following three situations occurs:
 - 1) The tenant moves after execution of the agreement covering the acquisition, rehabilitation, or demolition and the move occurs before the tenant is provided written notice offering the tenant the opportunity to lease and occupy a suitable, decent, safe, and sanitary dwelling in the same building/complex upon completion of the project under reasonable terms and conditions. Such reasonable terms and conditions must include a term of at least one year at a monthly rent and estimated average monthly utility costs that do not exceed the greater of:
 - (i) The tenant's monthly rent before such agreement and estimated average monthly utility costs; or
 - (ii) The total tenant payment, as determined under 24 CFR 5.628, if the tenant is low-income, or 30 percent of gross household income, if the tenant is not low-income;
 - 2) The tenant is required to relocate temporarily, does not return to the building/complex, and either:
 - (i) The tenant is not offered payment for all reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with the temporary relocation; or
 - (ii) Other conditions of the temporary relocation are not reasonable; or

3) The tenant is required to move to another dwelling unit in the same building/complex but is not offered reimbursement for all reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with the move, or other conditions of the move are not reasonable.

(i) Notwithstanding paragraph (c)(2) of this section, a person does not qualify as a *displaced person* if:

- The person has been evicted for cause based upon a serious or repeated violation of the terms and conditions of the lease or occupancy agreement, violation of applicable federal, State or local law, or other good cause, and the participating jurisdiction determines that the eviction was not undertaken for the purpose of evading the obligation to provide relocation assistance. The effective date of any termination or refusal to renew must be preceded by at least 30 days advance written notice to the tenant specifying the grounds for the action.
- The person moved into the property after the submission of the application but, before signing a lease and commencing occupancy, was provided written notice of the project, its possible impact on the person (e.g., the person may be displaced, temporarily relocated, incur a rent increase), and the fact that the person would not qualify as a “displaced person” (or for any assistance under this section) as a result of the project;
- The person is ineligible under 49 CFR 24.2(g)(2); or
- HUD determines that the person was not displaced as a direct result of acquisition, rehabilitation, or demolition for the project.

(ii) The jurisdiction may, at any time, ask HUD to determine whether a displacement is or would be covered by this rule.

(d) *Initiation of negotiations.* For purposes of determining the formula for computing replacement housing assistance to be provided under paragraph (c) of this section to a tenant displaced from a dwelling as a direct result of private-owner rehabilitation, demolition or acquisition of the real property, the term *initiation of negotiations* means the execution of the agreement covering the acquisition, rehabilitation, or demolition.

(e) *Optional relocation assistance.* The participating jurisdiction may provide relocation payments and other relocation assistance to families, individuals, businesses, nonprofit organizations, and farms displaced by a project assisted with HOME funds where the displacement is not subject to paragraph (c) of this section. The jurisdiction may also provide relocation assistance to persons covered under paragraph (c) of this section beyond that required. For any such assistance that is not required by State or local law, the jurisdiction must adopt a written policy available to the public that describes the optional relocation assistance that it has elected to furnish and provides for equal relocation assistance within each class of displaced persons.

- (f) *Residential antidisplacement and relocation assistance plan.* The participating jurisdiction shall comply with the requirements of 24 CFR part 42, subpart C.
- (g) *Real property acquisition requirements.* The acquisition of real property for a project is subject to the URA and the requirements of 49 CFR part 24, subpart B.
- (h) *Appeals.* A person who disagrees with the participating jurisdiction's determination concerning whether the person qualifies as a displaced person, or the amount of relocation assistance for which the person may be eligible, may file a written appeal of that determination with the jurisdiction. A low-income person who is dissatisfied with the jurisdiction's determination on his or her appeal may submit a written request for review of that determination to the HUD Field Office.

Labor

- (a) General.
 - 1. Every contract for the construction (rehabilitation or new construction) of housing that includes 12 or more units assisted with HOME funds must contain a provision requiring the payment of not less than the wages prevailing in the locality, as predetermined by the Secretary of Labor pursuant to the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 3141), to all laborers and mechanics employed in the development of any part of the housing. Such contracts must also be subject to the overtime provisions, as applicable, of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3701).
 - 2. The contract for construction must contain these wage provisions if HOME funds are used for any project costs in §92.206, including construction or nonconstruction costs, of housing with 12 or more HOME-assisted units. When HOME funds are only used to assist homebuyers to acquire single-family housing, and not for any other project costs, the wage provisions apply to the construction of the housing if there is a written agreement with the owner or developer of the housing that HOME funds will be used to assist homebuyers to buy the housing and the construction contract covers 12 or more housing units to be purchased with HOME assistance. The wage provisions apply to any construction contract that includes a total of 12 or more HOME-assisted units, whether one or more than one project is covered by the construction contract. Once they are determined to be applicable, the wage provisions must be contained in the construction contract so as to cover all laborers and mechanics employed in the development of the entire project, including portions other than the assisted units. Arranging multiple construction contracts within a single project for the purpose of avoiding the wage provisions is not permitted.
 - 3. Participating jurisdictions, contractors, subcontractors, and other participants must comply with regulations issued under these acts and with other Federal laws and regulations pertaining to labor standards, as applicable. Participating jurisdictions shall be responsible for ensuring compliance by contractors and subcontractors with labor standards described in this section. In accordance with procedures specified by HUD, participating jurisdictions shall:

- 1) Ensure that bid and contract documents contain required labor standards provisions and the appropriate Department of Labor wage determinations;
 - 2) Conduct on-site inspections and employee interviews;
 - 3) Collect and review certified weekly payroll reports;
 - 4) Correct all labor standards violations promptly;
 - 5) Maintain documentation of administrative and enforcement activities; and
 - 6) Require certification as to compliance with the provisions of this section before making any payment under such contracts.
- (b) *Volunteers*. The prevailing wage provisions of paragraph (a) of this section do not apply to an individual who receives no compensation or is paid expenses, reasonable benefits, or a nominal fee to perform the services for which the individual volunteered and who is not otherwise employed at any time in the construction work. See 24 CFR part 70.
- (c) *Sweat equity*. The prevailing wage provisions of paragraph (a) of this section do not apply to members of an eligible family who provide labor in exchange for acquisition of a property for homeownership or provide labor in lieu of, or as a supplement to, rent payments.

Lead-based Paint

Housing assisted with HOME funds is subject to the Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act (42 U.S.C. 4821-4846), the Residential Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 4851-4856), and implementing regulations at part 35, subparts A, B, J, K, M and R of this title.

Conflict of Interest

- (a) *Applicability*. In the procurement of property and services by participating jurisdictions, State recipients, and subrecipients, the conflict of interest provisions in 24 CFR 85.36 and 24 CFR 84.42, respectively, apply. In all cases not governed by 24 CFR 85.36 and 24 CFR 84.42, the provisions of this section apply.
- (b) *Conflicts prohibited*. No persons described in paragraph (c) of this section who exercise or have exercised any functions or responsibilities with respect to activities assisted with HOME funds or who are in a position to participate in a decision-making process or gain inside information with regard to these activities may obtain a financial interest or financial benefit from a HOME-assisted activity, or have a financial interest in any contract, subcontract, or agreement with respect to the HOME-assisted activity, or the proceeds from such activity, either for themselves or those with whom they have business or immediate family ties, during their tenure or for one year thereafter. Immediate family ties include (whether by blood, marriage or adoption) the spouse, parent (including a stepparent), child (including a stepchild), brother, sister (including a stepbrother or stepsister), grandparent, grandchild, and in-laws of a covered person.

(c) *Persons covered.* The conflict of interest provisions of paragraph (b) of this section apply to any person who is an employee, agent, consultant, officer, or elected official or appointed official of the participating jurisdiction, State recipient, or subrecipient which are receiving HOME funds.

(d) *Exceptions: Threshold requirements.* Upon the written request of the participating jurisdiction, HUD may grant an exception to the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section on a case-by-case basis when it determines that the exception will serve to further the purposes of the HOME Investment Partnerships Program and the effective and efficient administration of the participating jurisdiction's program or project. An exception may be considered only after the participating jurisdiction has provided the following:

1. A disclosure of the nature of the conflict, accompanied by an assurance that there has been public disclosure of the conflict and a description of how the public disclosure was made; and
2. An opinion of the participating jurisdiction's or State recipient's attorney that the interest for which the exception is sought would not violate State or local law.

(e) *Factors to be considered for exceptions.* In determining whether to grant a requested exception after the participating jurisdiction has satisfactorily met the requirements of paragraph (d) of this section, HUD will consider the cumulative effect of the following factors, where applicable:

1. Whether the exception would provide a significant cost benefit or an essential degree of expertise to the program or project which would otherwise not be available;
2. Whether the person affected is a member of a group or class of low-income persons intended to be the beneficiaries of the assisted activity, and the exception will permit such person to receive generally the same interests or benefits as are being made available or provided to the group or class;
3. Whether the affected person has withdrawn from his or her functions or responsibilities, or the decision making process with respect to the specific assisted activity in question;
4. Whether the interest or benefit was present before the affected person was in a position as described in paragraph (c) of this section;
5. Whether undue hardship will result either to the participating jurisdiction or the person affected when weighed against the public interest served by avoiding the prohibited conflict; and
6. Any other relevant considerations.

(f) *Owners and developers.*

1. No owner, developer, or sponsor of a project assisted with HOME funds (or officer, employee, agent, elected or appointed official, or consultant of the owner, developer, or sponsor or immediate family member or immediate family member of an officer, employee, agent, elected or appointed official, or consultant of the owner, developer, or sponsor) whether private, for-profit or nonprofit (including a community housing development organization (CHDO) when acting as an owner, developer, or sponsor) may occupy a HOME-assisted affordable housing unit in a project during the required period of affordability specified in §92.252(e) or §92.254(a)(4). This provision does not apply to an individual who receives HOME funds to acquire or rehabilitate his or her principal residence or to an employee or agent of the owner or developer of a rental housing project who occupies a housing unit as the project manager or maintenance worker.
2. *Exceptions.* Upon written request of a housing owner or developer, the participating jurisdiction (or State recipient, if authorized by the State participating jurisdiction) may grant an exception to the provisions of paragraph (f)(1) of this section on a case-by-case basis when it determines that the exception will serve to further the purposes of the HOME program and the effective and efficient administration of the owner's or developer's HOME-assisted project. In determining whether to grant a requested exception, the participating jurisdiction shall consider the following factors:
 - (1) Whether the person receiving the benefit is a member of a group or class of low-income persons intended to be the beneficiaries of the assisted housing, and the exception will permit such person to receive generally the same interests or benefits as are being made available or provided to the group or class;
 - (2) Whether the person has withdrawn from his or her functions or responsibilities, or the decision making process with respect to the specific assisted housing in question;
 - (3) Whether the tenant protection requirements of §92.253 are being observed;
 - (4) Whether the affirmative marketing requirements of §92.351 are being observed and followed; and
 - (5) Any other factor relevant to the participating jurisdiction's determination, including the timing of the requested exception.

Executive Order 12372

- (a) *General.* Executive Order 12372, as amended by Executive Order 12416 (3 CFR, 1982 Comp., p. 197 and 3 CFR, 1983 Comp., p. 186) (Intergovernmental Review of Federal Programs) and HUD's implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 52, allow each State to establish its own process for review and comment on proposed Federal financial assistance programs.

- (b) *Applicability.* Executive Order 12372 applies to applications submitted with respect to HOME funds being competitively reallocated under subpart J of this part to units of general local government.

Civil Rights

It will comply with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 200d et seq.), and the regulations issued pursuant thereto (24 CFR Part 1), which provides that no person in the United States shall on the grounds of race, color, or national origin, be excluded from participation in, be denied in the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination under any program or activity for which the applicant received Federal financial assistance and will immediately take any measures necessary to effectuate this assurance. If any real property or structure thereon is provided or improved with the aid of Federal financial assistance extended to the applicant, this assurance shall obligate the applicant, or in the case of any transfer of such property, any transferee, for the period during which the real property or structure is used for a purpose for which the Federal financial assistance is extended, or for another purpose involving the provision of similar services or benefits.

Equal Opportunity

It will comply with:

- (a) Section 109 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (ACT), as amended, and the regulations issued pursuant thereto (24 CFR 570.601), which provides that no person in the United States shall, on the grounds of race, color, national origin, or sex, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under, any program or activity funded in whole or in part with funds provided under the act;
- (b) The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended (42 U.S.C. 6101 et seq.) The act provides that no person shall be excluded from participation, denied program benefits or subjected to discrimination on the basis of age under any program or activity receiving federal funding assistance;
- (c) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, amended (29 U.S. C. 794). The act provides that no otherwise qualified individual shall, solely, by reason of his or her handicap be excluded from participation, denied program benefits or subjected to discrimination on the basis of age under any program or activity receiving federal funding assistance.

The grant recipient must complete or update a Self-Evaluation, in accordance with 24 CFR Part B of the Federal Register. An example of a Self-Evaluation guidebook will be provided upon request;

- (d) Section 3 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1968 (12 U.S.C. 170/u) (24 CFR Part 135). Section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968 requires, in connection with the planning and carrying out of any project assisted under the Act, to the greatest extent feasible, that opportunities for training and employment be given to lower-income persons residing within the unit of local government or the non-metropolitan county in which the project is located, and contracts for work in connection with the project be

awarded to eligible business concerns which are located in, or owned in substantial part, by persons residing in the project area. The grantee must assure good faith efforts toward compliance with the statutory directive of Section 3; and

- (e) Executive Order 11246, as amended by Executive Orders 11375 and 12086, and the regulations issued pursuant thereto (24 CFR Part 130 and 41 CFR Chapter 60) prohibit a HOME recipient and subcontractors, if any, from discriminating against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, color, religion, sex or national origin. The grantee and subcontractors, if any, must take affirmative action to ensure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, color, religion, sex or national origin. Such action must include, but not be limited to, the following: employment; upgrading; demotion or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rate of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship. The grantee and subcontractors must post in conspicuous places, available to employees and applicants for employment, notices to be provided setting for the provisions of this nondiscrimination clause. For contracts over \$10,000, the grantee or subcontractors will send to each applicable labor union a notice of the above requirements, the grantee and subcontractors will comply with relevant rules, regulations and orders of the U.S. Secretary of Labor. The grantee or subcontractors must make their books and records available to State and federal officials for purposes of investigation to ascertain compliance.
- (f) Executive Order 13166 eliminates, to the extent possible, limited English proficiency as a barrier to full and meaningful participation by beneficiaries in all federally assisted and federally conducted programs and activities.

Fair Housing

It will affirmatively further fair housing and will comply with:

- (a) Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3601 et seq.), as amended. The law states that it is the policy of the United States to provide for fair housing throughout the United States and prohibits any person from discriminating in the sale or rental of housing, the financing of housing or the provision of brokerage services, including in any way making unavailable or denying a dwelling to any person, because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, familial status or disability. HOME grantees must also administer programs and activities relating to housing and community development in a manner that affirmatively promotes fair housing and furthers the purposes of Title VIII; and
- (b) Executive Order 11063, as amended by Executive Order 12259, requires HOME recipients to take all actions necessary and appropriate to prevent discrimination because of race, color, religion, creed, sex or national origin; in the sale, leasing, rental and other disposition of residential property and related facilities (including land to be developed for residential use); or in the use of occupancy thereof if such property and related facilities are, among other things, provided in whole or in part with the aid of loans, advances, grants or contributions from the federal government.

Section III
Scoring Criteria

Each application meeting the threshold requirements will be reviewed and assigned points according to the following selection criteria. Applications must achieve a minimum score of 80 points to be considered for funding. Scoring will be on entire project/units (not just HOME units). Only one (1) application per project will be considered. Applicants may request no more than 60% of the hard construction costs. Income targeting for HOME requires at initial occupancy that not less than 90% of the units assisted with HOME funds be occupied by families at 60% and below area median income. Projects with five (5) or more HOME units, 20% of those units must have low home rents for the period of affordability.

A. Income Targeting

Scoring for additional targeted units must have another program LURA or DCS will restrict these units at the state level.

- 1) Serves Extremely Low Income Households 5-15 points

Up to 15 points will be awarded to properties with units both income and rent restricted for households at or below 30% of area median income. Elections made in this category must be incorporated into a Land Use Restrictive Agreement and will be binding, at a minimum, for the term of the HOME loan.

20% of total units income and rent restricted at or below 30% of AMI - 15 points
15% of total units income and rent restricted at or below 30% of AMI - 10 points
10% of total units income and rent restricted at or below 30% of AMI - 5 points

For purposes of applying the 30% rent restriction under this category, and exception for exceeding the 30% rent may be granted for Section 8 project-based rental assistance where it can be shown that additional rents are necessary to make the project feasible and that the rent will not exceed 30% of the tenant's income. This exception will not apply for Section 8 tenant based rental assistance.

and/or

- 2) Serves Very Low and Low Income Households 15 points

15 points will be awarded to properties with additional assisted units which are income restricted at or below the 80% area median income and rent restricted at or below 50% area median income level. Elections made in this category will be incorporated into the Land Use Restrictive Agreement and will be binding.

B. Addresses Housing Shortage in Developing Communities of 20,000 or less 15 points

15 points will be awarded to projects located in communities under 20,000 in population and that can demonstrate an unmet housing need or shortage. An unmet housing need or shortage can be substantiated per underwriting requirements. The population data will come from census.gov (2010).

C. Leveraging Up to 25 points

DCS will award up to 25 points if HOME funds are leveraged against other financial resources used to cover costs allocated to the HOME assisted units as follows (note that points will not be awarded for funds utilized to finance market rate units):

<u>Points</u>	<u>HOME Funds per HOME assisted unit</u>
25	Less than \$70,000
15	\$70,000-\$99,999
5	\$100,000-\$120,000

D. Financial Support from Local Sources 0-25 points

Of the 25% required match, 1 point will be awarded for every percentage point of the match that comes from a local contribution, defined as:

Local governmental and community private contributions, including but not limited to cash, measurable in-kind services, or tax abatements, to reduce project costs or enhance feasibility. Contribution to the North Dakota Housing Incentive fund will not be counted in this category.

E. Readiness to Proceed Range of 0-25 points

Applicant must have provided a timeline for completion of the project. Points awarded in this category are based on earliest achievable completion of the activity. Such things as letters of commitment for both construction and permanent financing; ownership or option to purchase land; and availability of infrastructure will be considered in the award of points.

F. Rehab of Existing Vacant Habitable Structures 15 points

Proposals involving the rehabilitation of existing structures that are at risk of becoming uninhabitable or obsolete because of age and deterioration, and requiring a minimum of \$80,000 per unit in hard construction costs may receive 15 points. Applicants may wish to consult with DCS before applying for points in this category.

G. Preservation 5 points

Federally assisted properties in danger of prepayment, such as Rural Development 515 financed or those with project-based rental assistance, which are “at-risk” of being lost from the state’s affordable housing inventory, will receive 5 points.

H. Special Needs 5-15 points

Projects with units targeted to special needs households, including those with physical disabilities, chronic or persistent mental illness, drug/chemical dependency, or frail elderly and can demonstrate appropriate construction design and the availability of appropriate supportive services will receive up to 15 points depending on the number of set-aside units. Projects with a minimum of 10% of the units set-aside for special needs households will receive 5 points, from 11% to 15% of the units will receive 10 points and more than 15% will receive 15 points.

I. Neighborhood Characteristics Up to 10 points

Two (2) points will be given for services located within two (2) miles of the site. Distance will be measured by odometer from the automobile entrance of the proposed project site to the closest automobile entrance to the parking lot of the applicable service. Duplicate services will not be eligible for additional points. Points will only be given for the services listed below.

- | | | |
|---------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| Grocery Store | Pharmacy or Drug Store | Convenience Store |
| Bank or Credit Union | Public Transportation | |
| Hospital or Doctor Office | | |

J. Public Housing Notification 5 points

A proposal which provides a written commitment to notify local public housing agencies of vacancies and give priority to households on waiting lists of those agencies will receive 10 points.

K. Cross-Cutting Requirements Up to 25 points will be deducted

Besides the rules and requirements specific to the HOME Investment Partnerships Program (HOME), there are several additional broad federal rules that must be adhered to in the course of administering the program. While the Participating Jurisdiction (PJ) is responsible for implementing these rules, owners, developers, Community Housing Development Organizations (CHDOs), and other non-profits must also be aware of them and actively ensure that a project or activity is in compliance. These other federal requirements cover the following areas: non-discrimination and equal access; employment and contracting; environmental review; site and neighborhood standards; relocation; and lead-based paint. Applicant has had substantial findings or unresolved issues related to other federal funds from DCS including the cross-cutting requirements within the last four (4) years. This is at the discretion of DCS.